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ICASSP - May 2020

Error Analysis Applied to End-to-End Spoken Language Understanding

Introduction

Context

Analysis our End-to-End (E2E) Spoken Language Understanding (SLU) system

This system reaches state-of-the-art performance for a french SLU task

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Goal

Analyze the errors produced by the system
Understand the weakness of this E2E system
From the weakness, discover how to improve our approach

Analysed system

Deep Speech 2 (DS2) [Amodei *et al.*] (2016)

End-to-end speech recognition system

Connectionist Temporal Classification (CTC)

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Tag's boundaries injection

ASR : The sculptor Caesar died yesterday in Paris at the age of seventy-seven years

NER : The sculptor <pers Caesar > died <time yesterday > in <loc Paris > at the age of
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Curriculum-based transfer learning (CTL) [Caubrière *et al.*] (2019)

Train the same model through a sequence of training processes and transfer learning

Keep all parameters except the top layer

Use of different tasks sorted from the most generic to the most specific

Learned tasks

Automatic Speech Recognition (ASR)

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Annotation according to 8 entity-types (*pers*, *loc*, *amount*, etc)

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MEDIA: French hotel booking task

PORTMEDIA: French theater ticket booking task

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Semantic concepts extraction on MEDIA (M)

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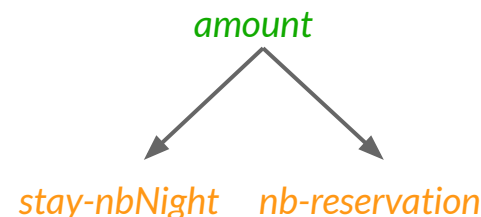
Semantic concepts extraction on MEDIA (M)

Our target task

Order of learned tasks

We define the following order of specificity:

Speech > Named Entities > Semantic Concepts



Data

French data sets

Uses of as much data as possible at our disposal

Broadcast news, Telephone and Human-Human Dialogue

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Speech ~ 360h

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Speech ~ 36h

NE ~ 300h

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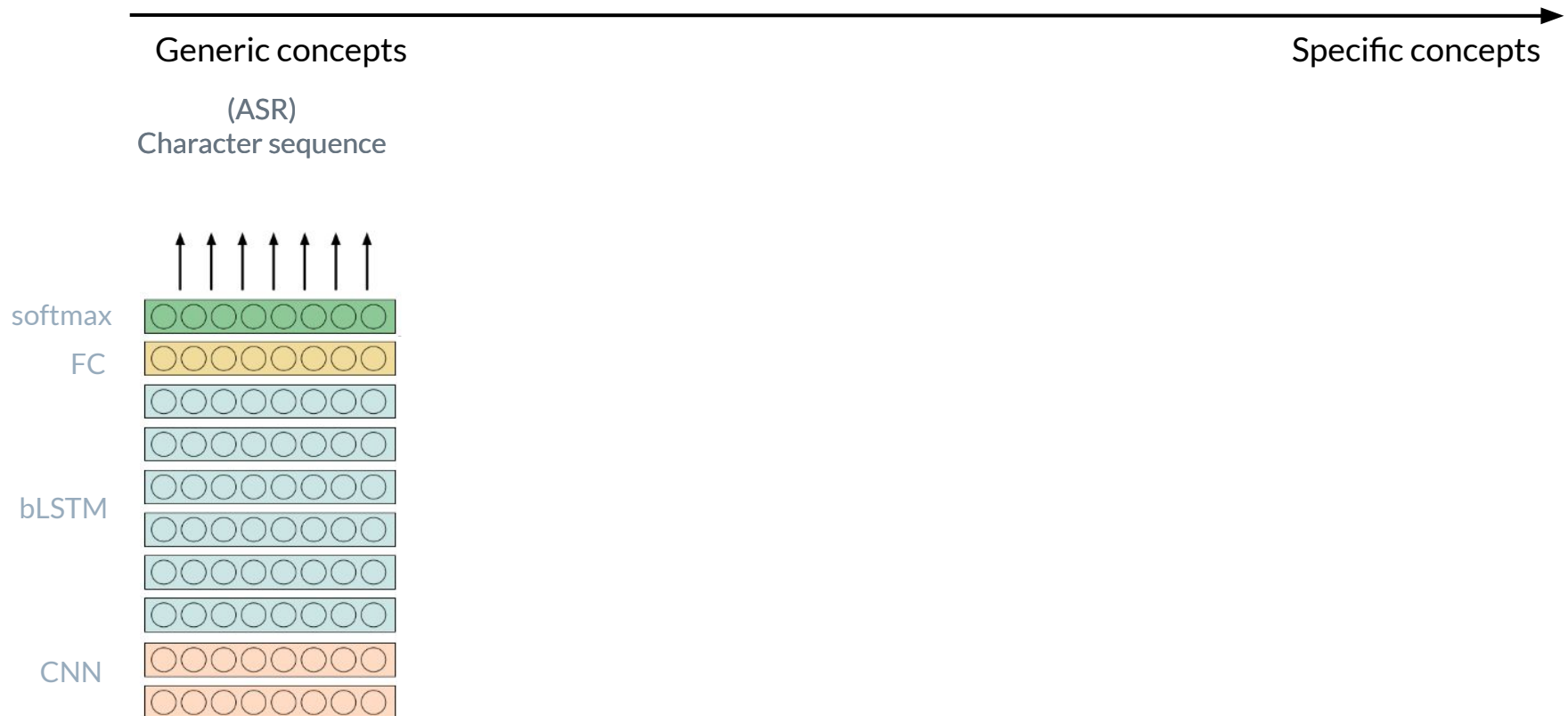


Speech ~ 360h

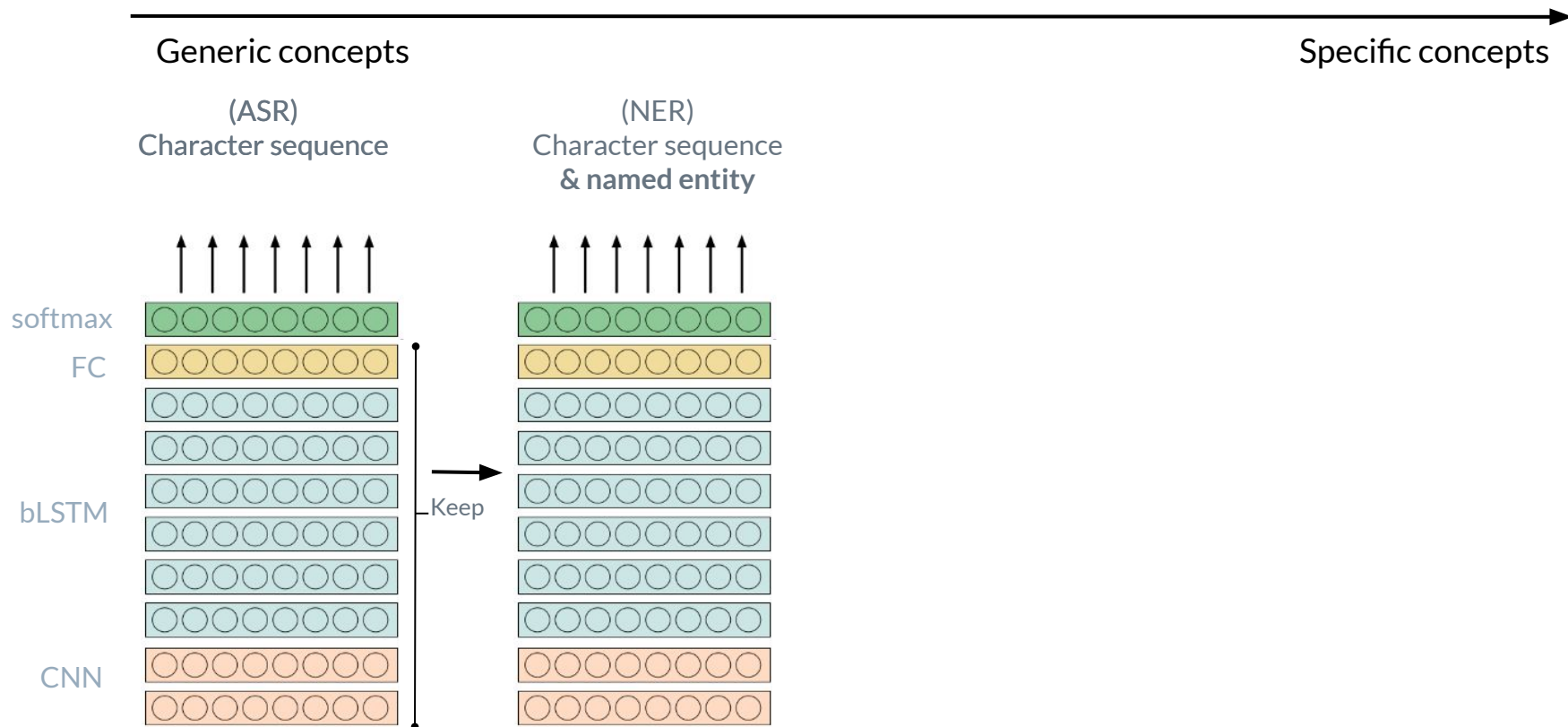
NE ~ 300h

SC ~ 25h

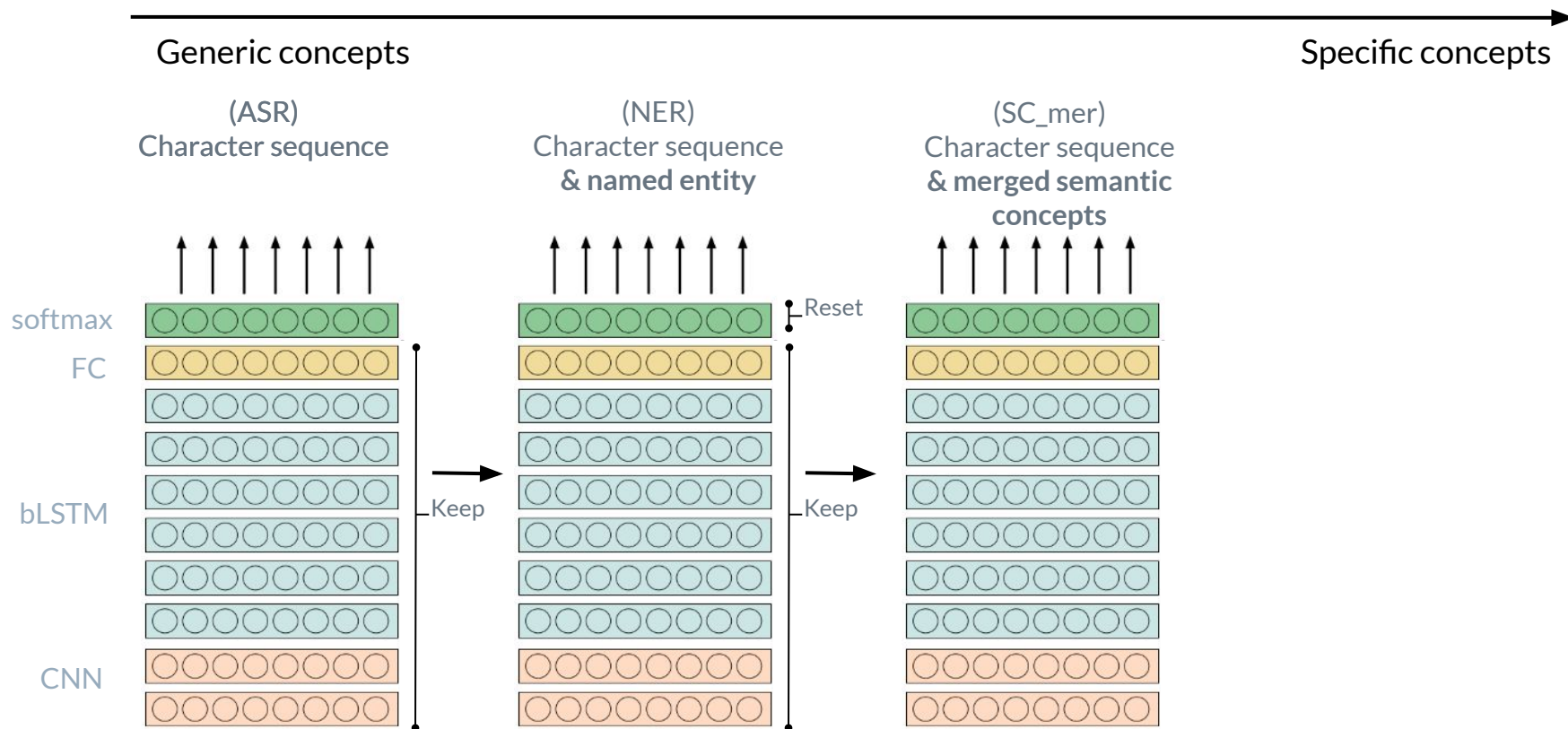
CTL approach



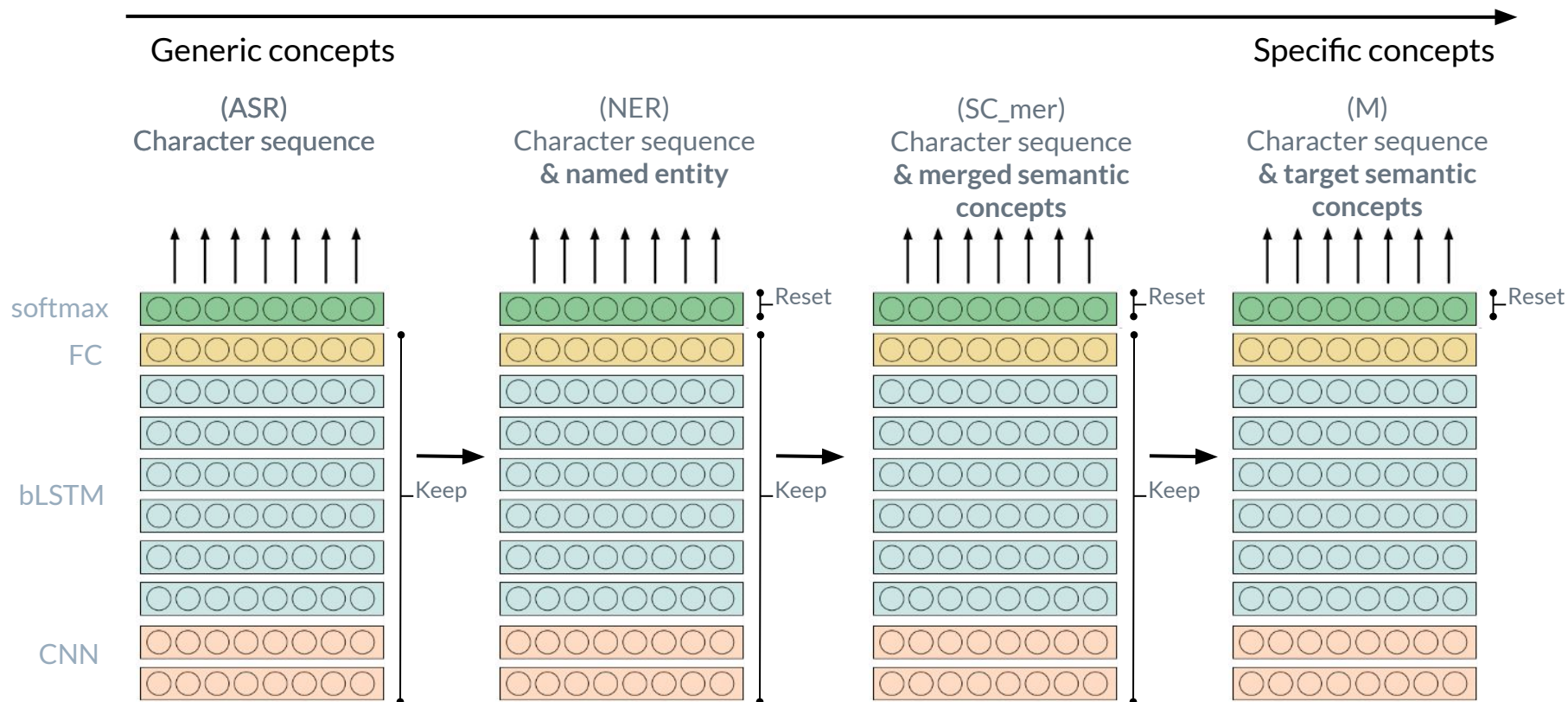
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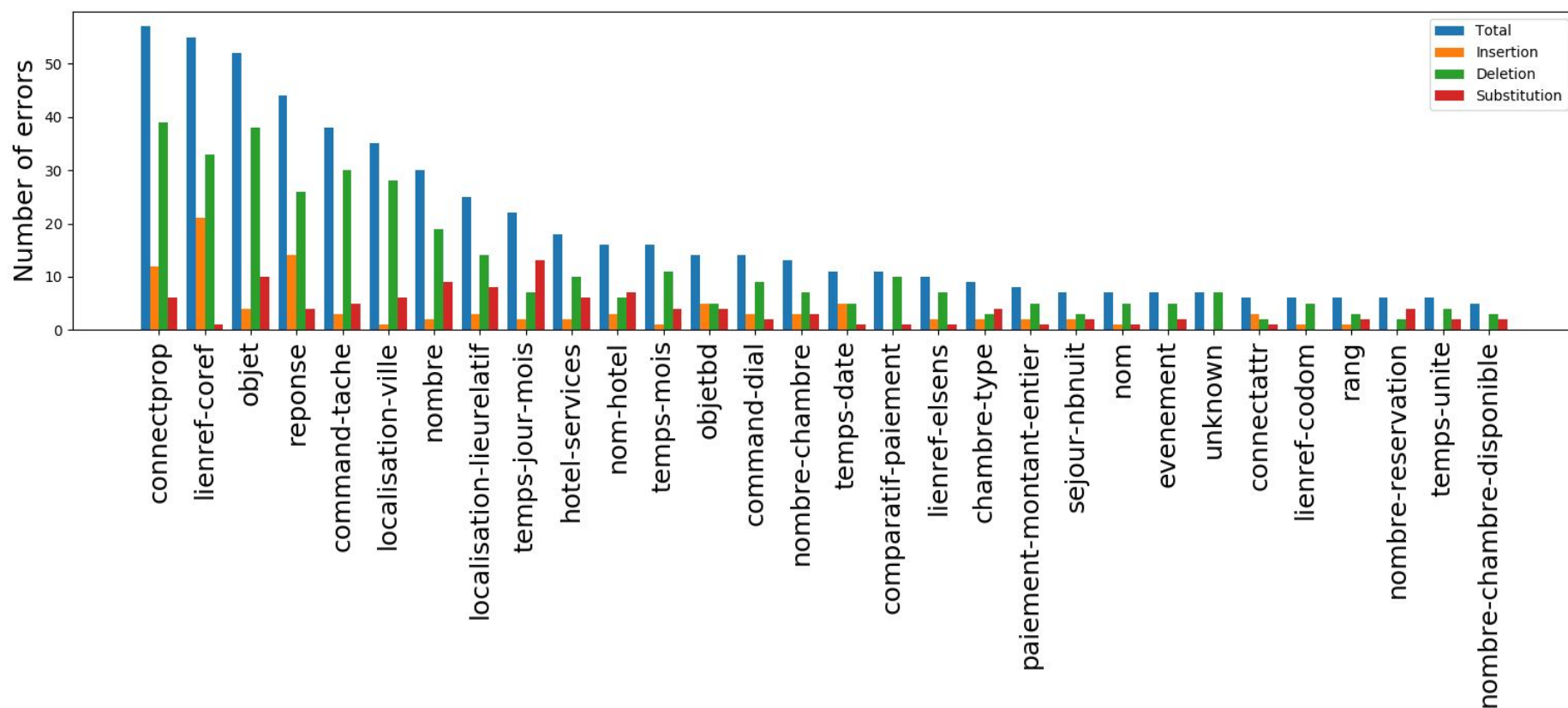
CTL approach



Errors distribution

Systems outputs for MEDIA concepts (development dataset)

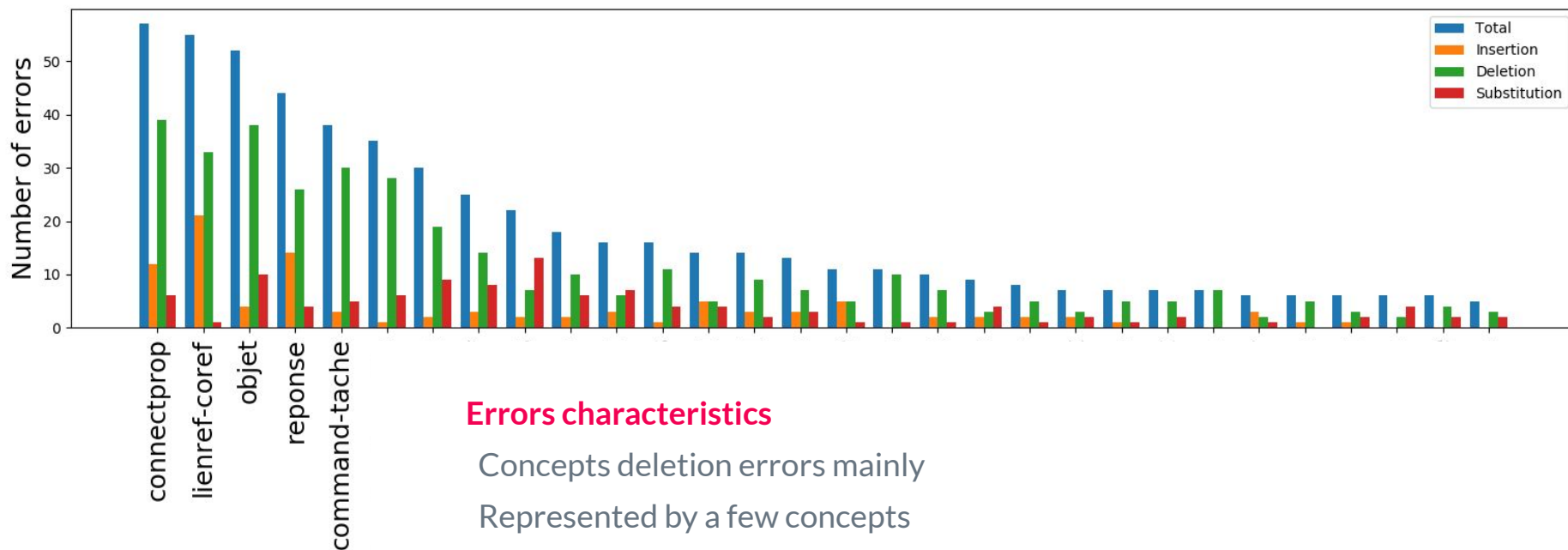
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Errors characteristics

Concepts deletion errors mainly

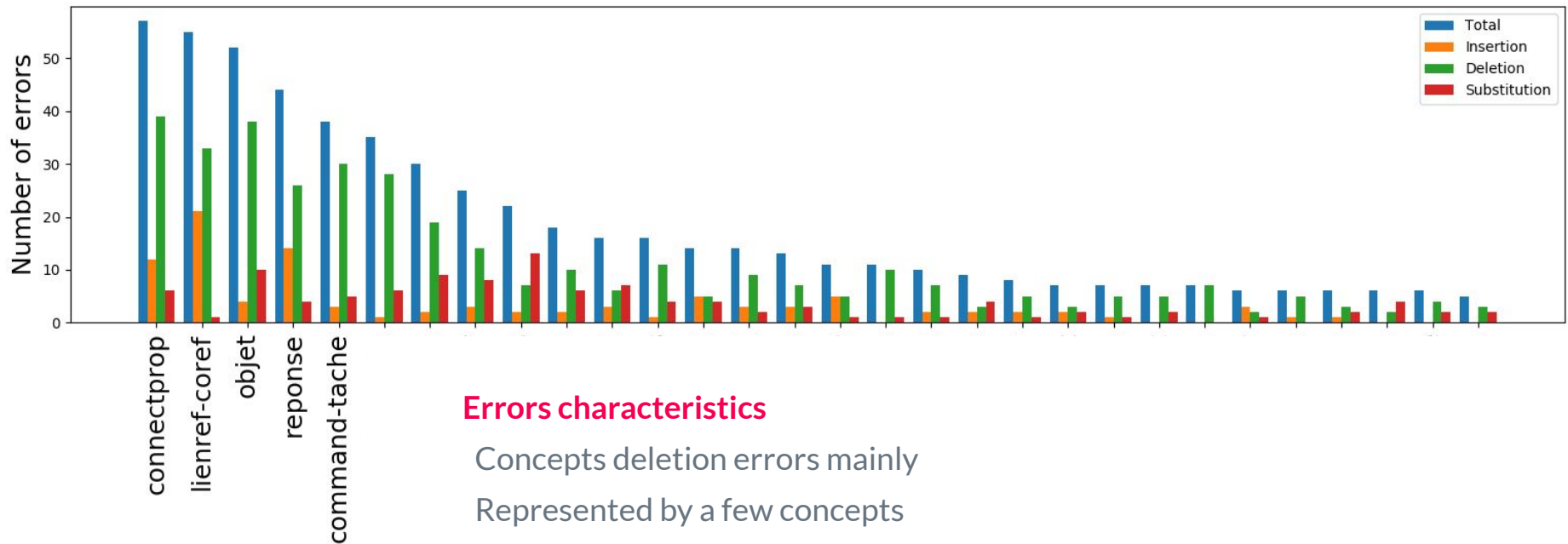
Represented by a few concepts

Frequent errors corresponding to concepts with small values
(*connectprop*, *lienref-coref*, ...)

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Frequent errors corresponding to concepts supported by small words
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-> "I'd like to know **<lienref-coref>** the **> <object>** price **>** of the night **<connectprop>** and **>** if there are any **<object>** rooms **>** left"

Transcription problem

Cases of concepts deletions (MEDIA development dataset)

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Correct automatic transcription but the value is nested in another concept

-> “From <time-date nineteen > to <time-date twenty-two > october <location-town and in Périgueux >”

Transcription problem

Focused concept	Nb Deletion	Correct ASR	Wrong ASR	Nested
connectProp	39	28	6	5
lienref-coref	33	19	10	4
objet	38	31	4	3

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Extra observation

Regularly ended tags without any associated started tags

-> “I'd like to know the > **<object** price > of the night”

A concept segmentation issue

Segmentation problem

Tackle the concept segmentation issue

Split the final MEDIA task into two tasks in the CTL approach

Firstly, train the system to retrieve the boundaries of concepts only (M_{seg})

Secondly, train the system to specify the concepts (classical M task)

CTL approach become : $ASR \rightarrow NER \rightarrow SC_{mer} \rightarrow M_{seg} \rightarrow M$

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CTL approach become : ASR -> NER -> SC_mer -> M_seg -> M

Outputs to produce for M_seg

Replace each starting tag by a generic '<'

M : "I'd like to know <lienref-coref the > <object price > of the night <connectprop and > if there are any <object rooms > left"

M_seg : "I'd like to know < the > < price > of the night < and > if there are any < rooms > left"

Segmentation problem

Concept Error Rate (CER)

Evaluates concepts only

Concept Value Error Rate (CVER)

Evaluates concepts and values (Words within the concepts)

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System	CER*	CVER*
ASR -> NER -> SC_mer -> M	21.6	27.7
ASR -> NER -> SC_mer -> M_seg -> M	20.7	27.2
<i>Relative gain</i>	<i>+4.1%</i>	<i>+1.0%</i>

* Scores for MEDIA test set

ASR : Automatic Speech Recognition

NER : Named Entity Recognition

SC_mer : Merged Semantic Concept extraction

M_seg : MEDIA segmentation task

M : MEDIA task

NER task contribution

Unseen Concept/Value pairs (UCV)

Examples seen in the development dataset which do not appear in the training dataset

A total of 533 UCV

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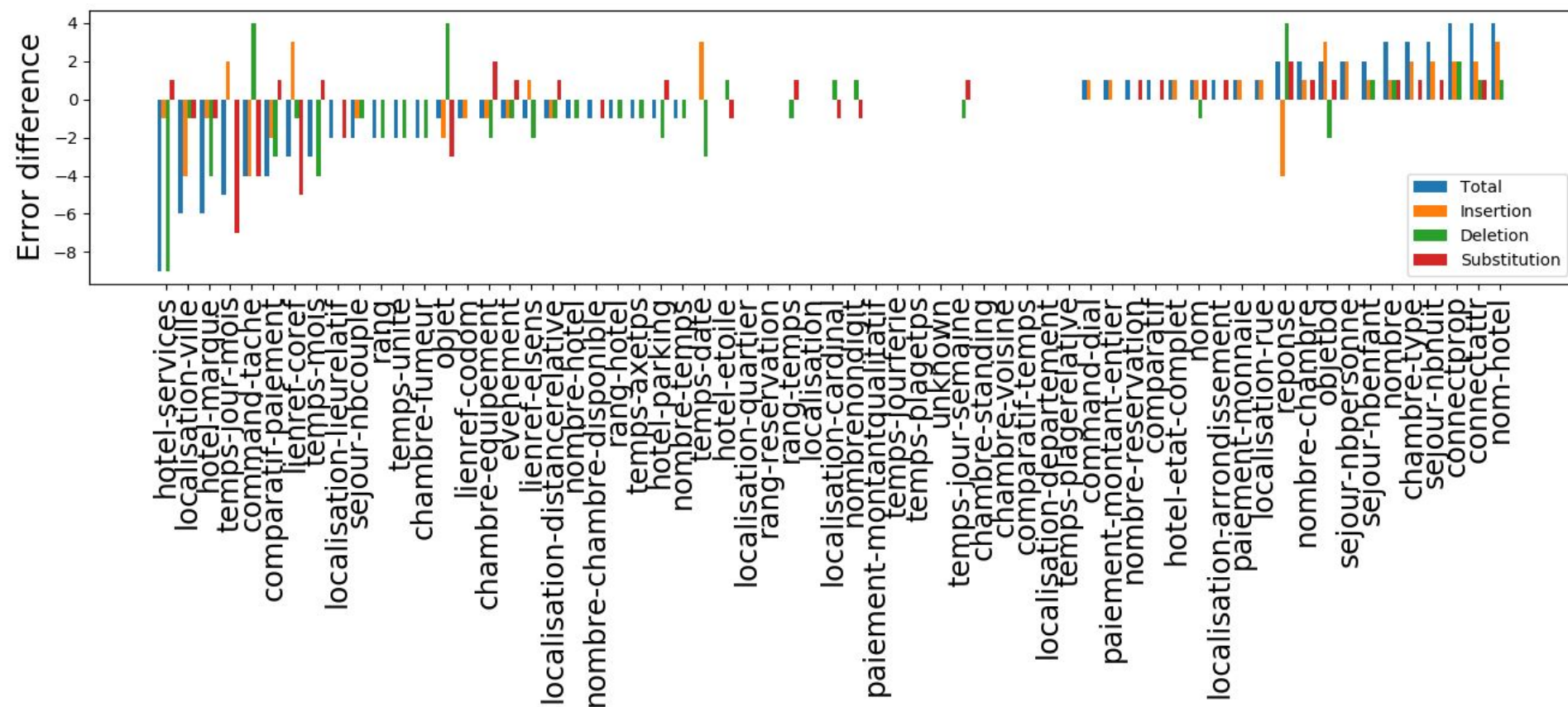
Only a small number of correct values (around a quarter)

Incorrect speech transcription for a major part of the UCV

NER task contribution

Delta of concepts recognition errors

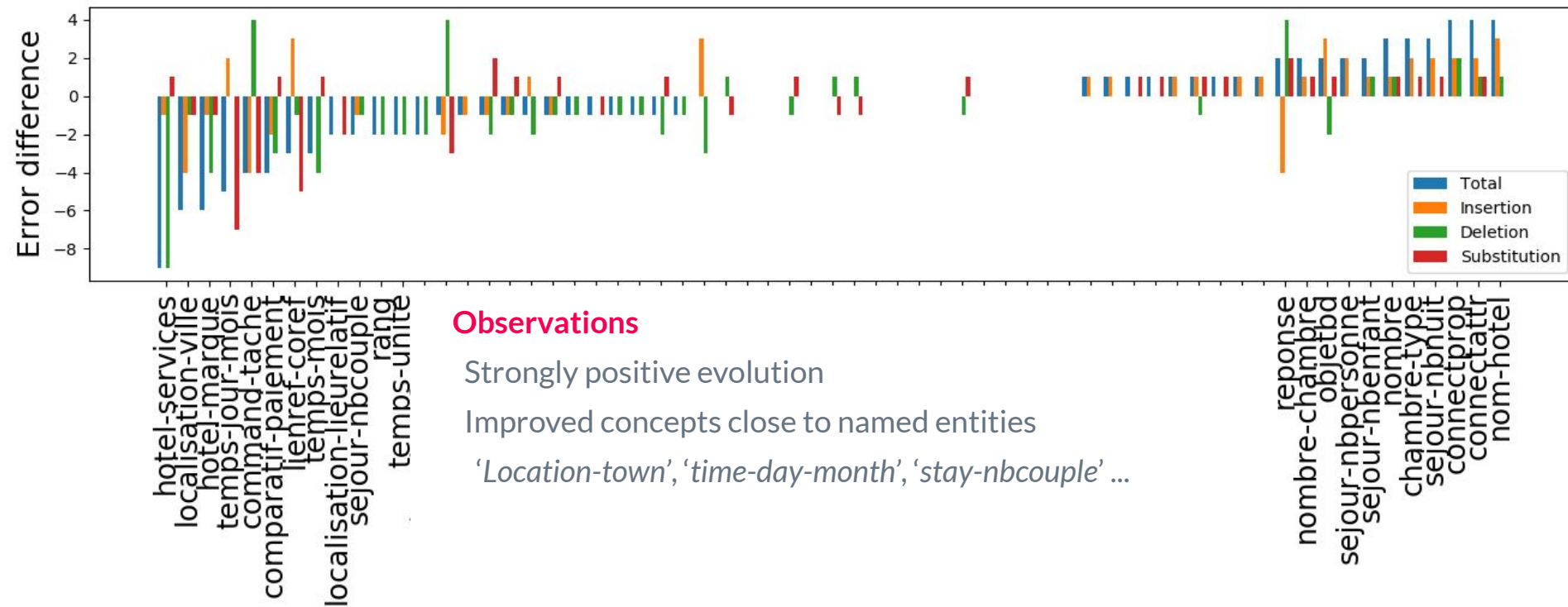
With and without the NER task during the training



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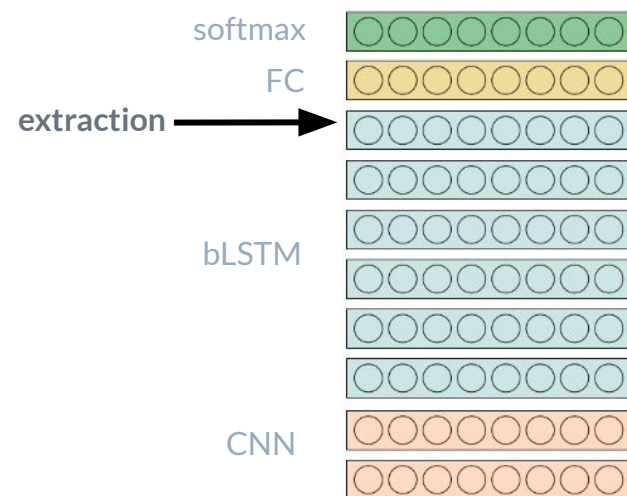
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Embeddings visualisation

Embeddings extraction (MEDIA development dataset)

From the last bLSTM layer of DS2
DS2 trained with CTC loss function
One embedding per input frame
One character per input frame



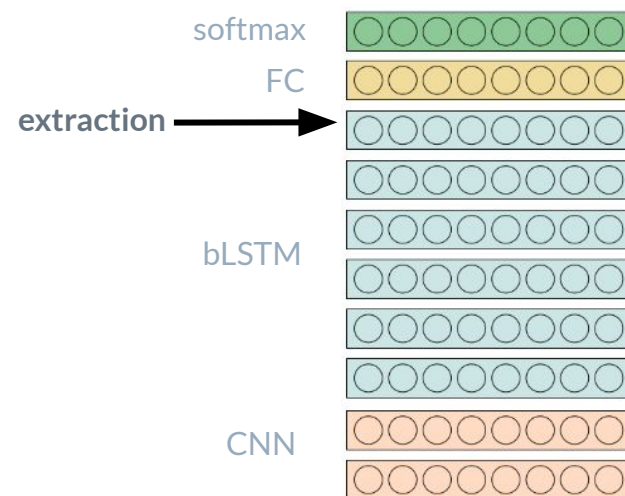
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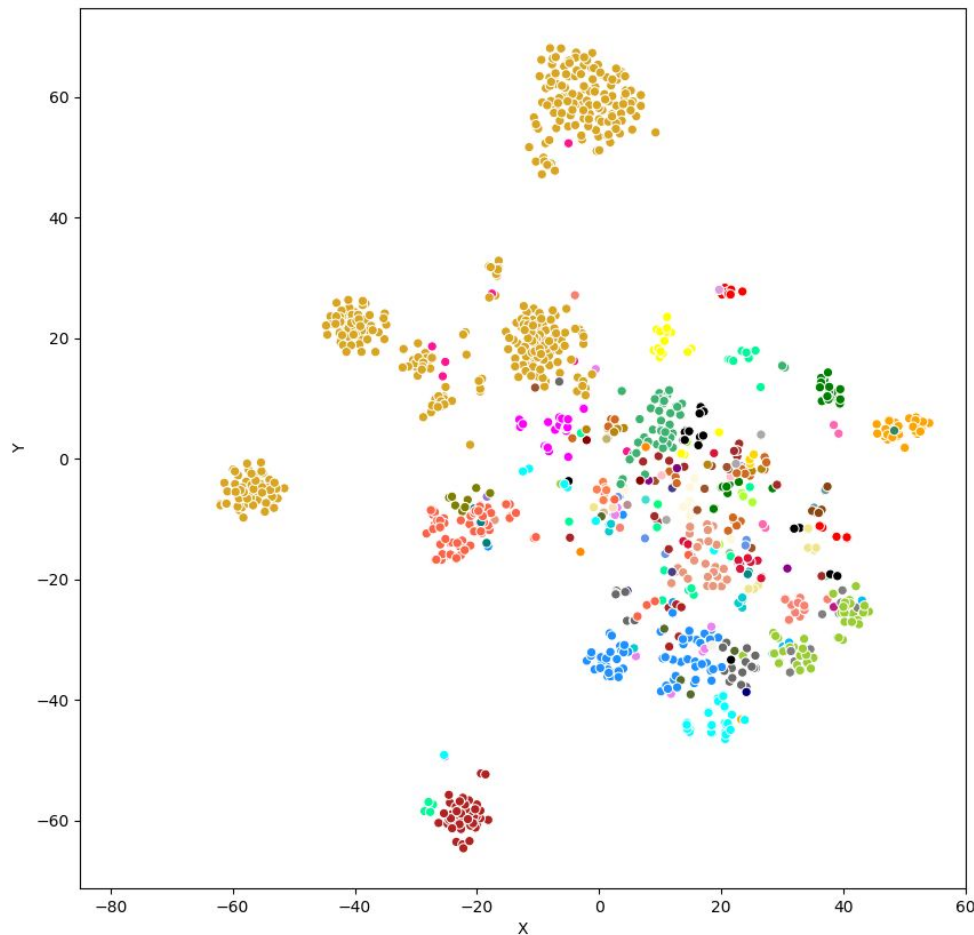
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Words and concepts representation

Represented by more than one character
Use of the sum of each frame's embeddings
Use of a t-SNE transformation for a 2D representation



Embeddings visualisation



Observation

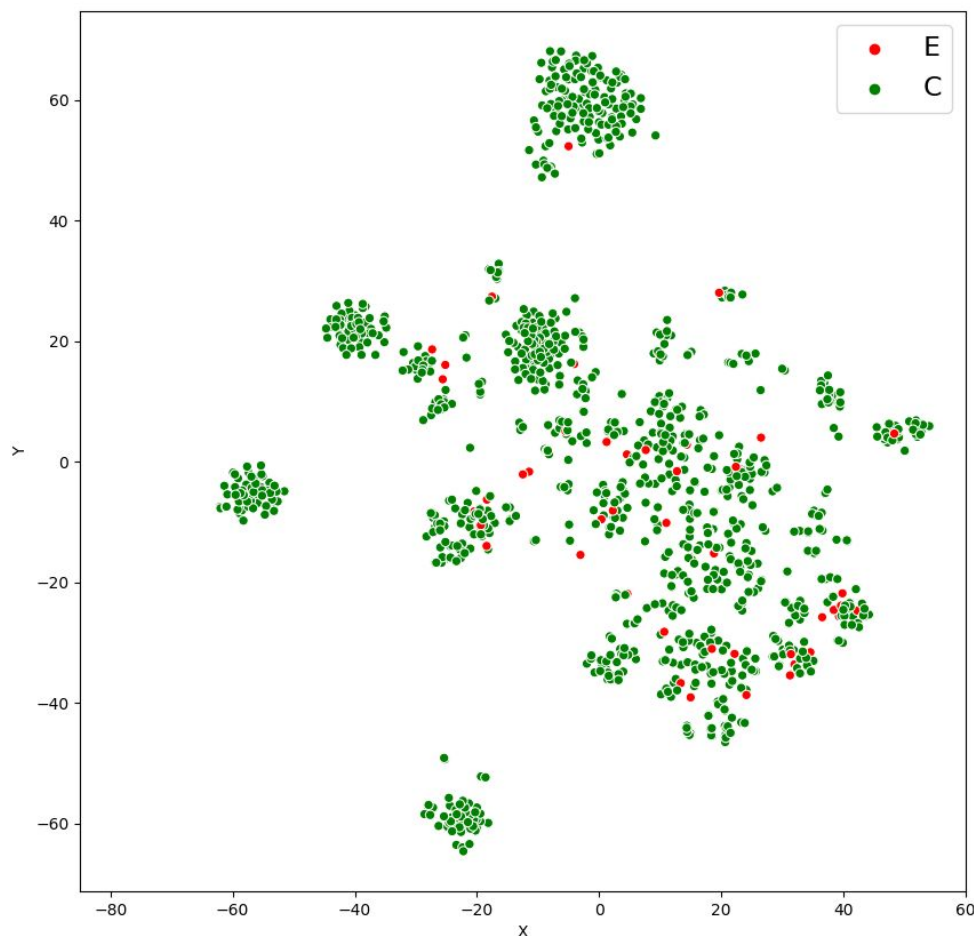
Each color represent a semantic class

Concepts of the same classes are clustered

Some very clear clusters

An area with mixed concepts

Embeddings visualisation



Green : well-recognized concepts

Red : badly-recognized concepts

Observation

Main errors are in the mixed area

Concepts errors seem to be related to an insufficiently discriminative internal representation

Conclusion

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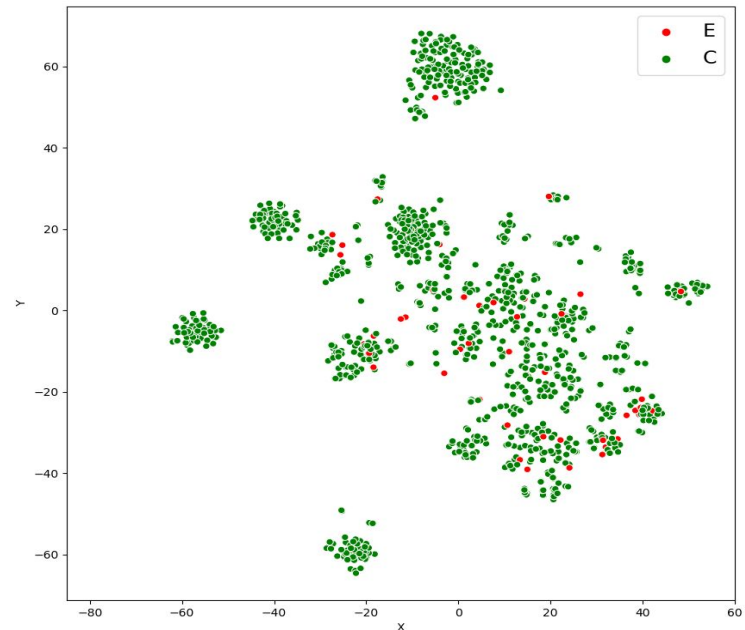
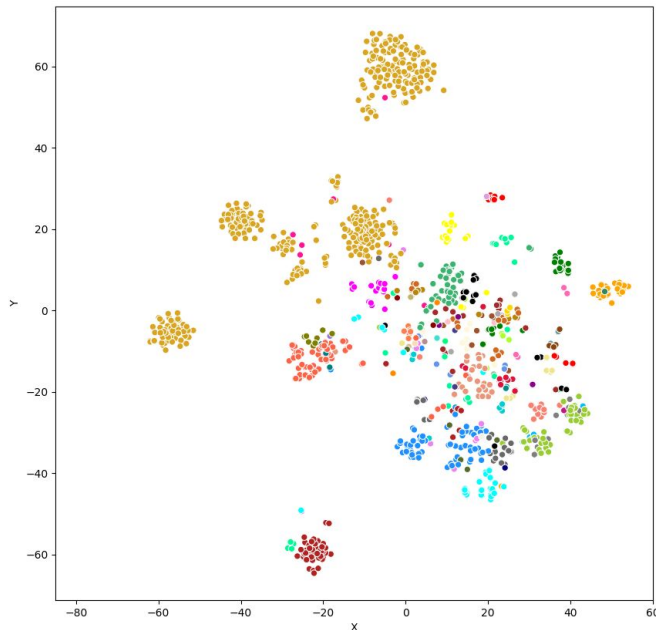
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We observed that output concept errors appear to be related to an insufficiently discriminative internal representation

Perspectives



Take benefit from this cartography

How to take benefit to improve performances?

How to force the system to represent the concepts in a more relevant space?

Exploit the position of embeddings in the continuous space

Thank you

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